



ALEXANDRIA.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 27.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the times."

Gen. Henry Dodge, first Governor of the Territory of Wisconsin, and afterwards for many years a member of the United States Senate, who died in Burlington, Iowa, June 19th, aged 85 years, was one of the pioneers in western civilization. Accompanied by Daniel Boone he was often in conflict with the savages. The celebrated chief Black Hawk became his prisoner. In 1834 he was successfully employed by Gen. Jackson to make peace with the red men of the frontier.

Speaker Colfax has written a letter, in which he says that "events not entirely unexpected" occurring since the adjournment of Congress, have convinced him "more than ever, of the vital importance of a quorum being present in both Houses at the July session." Mr. Colfax will visit Lancaster, Pa., the home of Thaddeus Stevens, on his way to the Capital, and both will arrive in Washington on Tuesday next.

The International Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, composed of representatives from the United States and Canada, and held this year at Montreal, has just closed its sessions. Among other subjects the question of amusements was fully discussed, and a sweeping resolution adopted condemning all games of whatever kind or description.

The fire-works establishment of Joseph Bond, on Gest street, in the eastern section of Baltimore exploded yesterday. The entire building was demolished, and the proprietor so seriously injured that his life is despaired of. One of the workmen was also severely hurt, but he will recover. The loss of building and material is \$3,000, with no insurance.

The democrats of New York are to have a demonstration on the 4th of July, on which day the corner stone of the New Tammany Hall is to be laid. There will be a procession, an oration delivered by the Hon. Gulien C. Verplanck, and addresses made by Gov. English, of Connecticut, Senator Stockton, of New Jersey, and others.

A destructive fire occurred at Council Bluffs, Iowa, on the night of the 24th. The building destroyed is the large and fine brick Empire Block, the largest and finest block in the city. It was entirely destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, who threw rockets between the block and a frame dwelling house.

The crops reports from the interior of Tennessee are generally favorable. Fully two thirds of the land in cultivation is planted in corn and small grain; the latter has been gathered with a fair yield. In Eastern Arkansas, along the Red river, the crops are almost entirely ruined by the overflow of the rivers.

Gen. Ramon Corona, who captured Maximilian and his Generals, has given his version of the affair, and states that on surrendering, Maximilian remarked that he was no longer Emperor, having placed his abdication in the hands of Minister Lacunza when leaving the city of Mexico.

Contracts for supplying the navy with anthracite coal for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, have been awarded as follows: Wm. H. Wheeler contracts to deliver at New York 12,000 tons at \$5.49; and George C. Mitchell 20,000 tons at Philadelphia, at \$4.43 per ton.

Preparations continue active for the new Mail service, which goes into operation on Monday next. As the entire southern section will then be resumed on a footing similar to that before the war, new offices are established and old offices re-established in large numbers.

The Navy Department is in the receipt of a cable dispatch stating the loss of the U. S. steamer Sacramento, Capt. Collins, commander, near Cosonoda, Madras. No lives were lost. This vessel was a screw propeller, of 1,367 tons, and is a total loss.

Recent Illinois newspapers speak with confidence of the results of the efforts making in that State to manufacture sugar from beets after the plan adopted in France a few years ago, and since prosecuted with much success.

Gen. Grant has declined to give Gen. Sheridan any instructions relative to President Johnson's order, preferring to let the latter settle his difficulties himself.

The merchants of Philadelphia have called a meeting to make arrangements for a suitable reception of the President on his return from Boston.

The steamer Winoski, with the yellow fever on board, has been ordered from Fort Monroe to Portsmouth, N. H.

Boag, tried in Charleston for killing a man in a recent duel, was yesterday acquitted.

Yellow fever cases continue to be reported in Havana, and other places in Cuba.

SURRATT'S TRIAL.—The prosecution in the Surritt trial yesterday, convulsed the courtroom with laughter by a circumstance they attempted to prove through Col. Pettit. He, it will be remembered, was examined on the first day that witnesses were examined. He had a room near Ford's Theatre, and testified that on the night of the assassination he heard a whistle from an open lot between his room and the theatre. A common black whistle was found, among other things, at Mrs. Surritt's house, and it was attempted to connect this whistle with the signal heard by Colonel Pettit. To do this Mr. Carrington blew upon the whistle in Col. Pettit's hearing, and then asked him if the sound was similar to that he heard on the night of the assassination. Mr. Merrick characterized the offer of such evidence as that of a perfect farce; but Col. Pettit was permitted to say that the sounds were similar, and it was left for the jury to say what degree of importance should be attached to such testimony. Mr. Pierpont intimated that the testimony for the prosecution would close within three days. The evidence mostly related the details as to the assassination of President Lincoln, and is much the same as was given on the trial of the conspirators—not implicating Surritt. General Grant was called, and examined as to when he saw Jacob Thompson, in 1863, on the Mississippi river. On Tuesday, at the close of the day's proceedings, Mr. Merrick, in a vein of pleasantry, and in response to a remark made by Mr. Bradley, intimated that some of the witnesses for the prosecution would not be at some future day he held amenable for the testimony they had given on this trial. Yesterday Mr. Carrington called the attention of the court to the remark, and chided it. Whereupon Mr. Merrick remarked that if the counsel chose to consider the remark as a serious one, he was willing that it should be taken in its serious aspect, and he added that before the trial was over he hoped to make his remark good.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The case of Mark Downey, charged with perjury, in having registered when disfranchised by the Alexandria State Constitution, was begun before the U. S. Commissioner in Richmond, yesterday. District Attorney Chandler, who has just arrived from Washington, felt justified in saying that Congress would revise Attorney Gen. Stanbery's opinion, and thereby settle the matter. The commissioner held the case under advisement. In the case of Thomas B. White, for the same offence, the prisoner was discharged.

The citizens of Norfolk, unable to account for the large number of negroes registered in certain wards of that city, where by actual count they reckon far less than what is recorded on the registration books, have offered a reward of fifty dollars to any person giving information which will lead to the conviction of such as registered without the requisite residence.

The Lynchburg News says: "The wheat harvest has been generally commenced in this section, and we are gratified to hear very favorable reports of the yield. The rust, so far as we have learned, has done no material damage to the crop. The quantity seeded was very small, and, of course, a large crop will not be made."

The Loudoun Mirror says: "The accounts of farmers from all parts of this county agree in representing the wheat crop as looking very fine, promising an abundant yield. The rust has made its appearance in some localities, but it is generally conceded that the crop is so far advanced as not to be materially affected by it."

Rev. J. L. M. Curry, formerly a member of the U. S. Congress, and subsequently of the Confederate Congress, from Alabama, but now an eminent Baptist clergyman, was married in Richmond, Virginia, on Tuesday evening, to Miss Mary W. Thomas, daughter of Jas. Thomas, esq., of that city.

The Court of Appeals commenced its session in Richmond yesterday.

Registration in King George.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) KING GEORGE C. H., Va., June 26.—The registration of the voters of this county commenced here on Saturday last, and has thus far progressed very quietly. The register at this place will include all the voters of the election precincts of the Court House and Clinton, and at noon to-day, the books exhibited the names of one hundred and twenty whites, and one only upon the challenged list. This District embraces a larger proportion of colored population than either of the other divisions of the county, and as they have everywhere exhibited a greater promptness than their white brethren in reporting for registration, it is thought the aggregate result will show a considerable majority of whites. The Board rejects all who held any civil office, State or County, prior to the war, and all lawyers who were connected in any way with the Confederate service. In applying this sweeping rule, which excludes so many classes admitted to registration elsewhere, the Board claims to be acting under what it terms a *marginal* allowed them in recent instructions from Gen. Schofield. The President of the Board held office under the General Government before the war, and afterwards was a volunteer in the Confederate service but *voluntarily* quit. He claims the right to register, and will do so, I suppose, under this same *marginal*. I inquired to-day of a freedman who, according to his own statement, a citizen of Washington city, and who is engaged here temporarily in the construction of a wharf upon the Potomac, if he intended to register. His answer was, that he had not made up his mind, but we suppose, if he applies, the "margin" will be found sufficiently expansive to receive his name.

Parties in the July Session of Congress.

A Washington letter to the Cincinnati Commercial says:

"It has been given out from this city, that a two-thirds majority will be impossible in the Senate, because eight Republican Senators have gone abroad, or to the Pacific coast. Let us see? The whole number of Senators, including those from the new State of Nebraska, is fifty-four. Out of these are just twelve Democrats, one of whom—Doak—is in Europe, and likely to remain there a month or more. The Senators—Messrs. Cole, Conners, Stewart and Corbett—are understood to be absent on the Pacific coast, and will hardly be at Washington before autumn. Senators Sherman, Sprague, and both the Morrills are said to have gone to Europe. Suppose there comes speedy action by the Senate previous to their return, the party strength will stand thus:

Whole number of Senators..... 54
Deduct absentees—8 Reps..... 46
Leaving the Senate..... 46

Two-thirds of forty-six requires thirty votes, and as the whole Democratic strength, including Doak, is but twelve, it is easy to see that the Republicans will have three or four to spare. This estimate also leaves out of view the contingency that Senator Guthrie, of Kentucky, who was not present at all at the last session, may continue indisposed, and the further contingency that Reverdy Johnson, who voted for the Reconstruction bill over the President's objections, may continue of the same mind to the end.

A POLITICAL TRICK.—We announced a day or two since the arrival of Gen. T. W. Patton, of Towanda county, Penn., at the Ballard House. He came hither, on his way southward, with the intention of using his efforts to bring about harmony of action and brotherly feeling between the races. He spoke on Saturday afternoon from the monument on the Square, and as the weather was rather inclement, he had to be brief. He announced, however, that he would speak to the colored people at any place and at any time they desired. On Sunday a committee of colored men called on him, and asked him to meet them at the African church on Monday night, promising him a good audience. The General in the mean time prepared a speech advising the blacks not to distrust their former masters, giving a history of slavery and its authors, and urging against confederation and such like extreme Radical measures. In fine, he urged that the Sherman bill be taken, as it is, as the true basis of reconstruction. The Radical leaders in the interval got wind of the sentiments that the General would likely utter, and his intention to speak that night, and determined to defeat him. Judge Underwood himself went to the church a few moments before the General arrived, and announced that there would be no meeting. The crowd dispersed, and when General Patton arrived there were but few persons present, and the lights had been partially extinguished.

He addressed a card to the Judge, stating his reasons for coming here, and denouncing him as a factionist and partisan, who, by the colored vote, expects to get himself into the U. S. Senate. Gen. Patton occupied the position of clerk in the U. S. Senate for twenty-six years, and was displaced by Forney.—Rich. Dispatch.

FOREIGN NEWS.

European dispatches announce the appointment of Count Bismarck as Chancellor of the North German Confederation. England has joined in urging upon the Sultan an investigation of the affairs in Candia by a European commission. Victor Hugo has addressed a powerful appeal to President Juarez, invoking him to spare the life of Maximilian. Cholera has broken out in Sicily, and prevails there as well as in some lowly portions of the Italian territory, including Rome, where it has been to more or less extent for some time past.

ROME, June 25.—There are already assembled in this city four hundred Catholic prelates—archbishops and bishops—and some thousands of priests, who have journeyed from their sees, to be present at the celebration of the eighteenth hundredth anniversary of St. Peter's martyrdom. Crowds are coming from all parts of the world. The Bishops from the U. S. who have already arrived, are lodged in the different convents within the city. Great preparations are being made for the festival of Saturday and the services and ceremonies of Sunday. St. Peter's Church will be illuminated in the evening of that day.

FLORENCE, June 25.—The feeling prevailing just now in Italy against the clergy is very bitter. On Monday, the festival of St. John, the patron Saint of the city of Florence, the people refused to join the ecclesiastics in its observance, for the reason that the clergy refused to celebrate the national festival of free Italy two weeks ago.

THE OLD TIMES.—and we don't have to go back a hundred years either for the "olden times." We that are not yet forty can recollect the fashions, and manners, and costumes, and habits, and sayings, and doings, and a long list of things that are now out of date. An expression made use of by President Johnson, in his reported reply to the invitation of the Boston Masons to visit that city, recalls to mind one of the almost forgotten customs of the past. The President said: "After I come back from Raleigh I will go to Boston, God willing, as the preachers used to say in old candle light prayer meetings." In the "olden time," before gas, camphene, or kerosene, or any other dangerous invention of the nitro-glycerine order, was introduced into our country churches, it was customary to light them up for preaching and prayer meetings with common tallow candles, and in making their appointments the elders or deacons or preachers were in the habit of saying that the meeting, for whatever purpose it might be, "God willing," would be held "on such a night, at early 'candle lighting.'"

This was the most definite time that could be fixed upon, because, where watches and clocks were scarce, and men had to count their hours by the changes of the sun's journey, most everybody could tell when early "candle-lighting" time arrived. But in these days of telegraphs, of steamboats, of railroads, of photography, of Atlantic cables, of phosphorus or kerosene matches, of gas and kerosene, all of which things were unknown in the days of "early candle lighting," it is not singular that people should not be ignorant of the venerable and antiquated customs of those happy, primitive times when we rode in stage coaches and canal boats, paid twenty-five cents to send a letter twenty miles in ten days, and had to borrow fire from our neighbor each morning, if the servant had neglected to cover the embers on the hearth, and permitted the flame to die out.

Give us back the good old times, the happy days of candle light, prayer meeting, and we will surrender our interest in the ten cylinder printing press, the telegraph, the railroad, petroleum bross, California gold, the modern prize ring, gas, the steamboats, Radicalism, the great rebellion, and all the other ills our flesh has fallen heir to through the superabundance of inventive genius, and will still ride in the stage coach, and be content to borrow our fire from our neighbor to start our fire with on a frosty morning, and smoke a corn cob pipe instead of a meerschaum.—Richmond Examiner.

THE RELIEF TO THE SOUTH.—The Crisis. Russell.—Very gratifying evidences are beginning to reach us of the value of the timely aid extended by Maryland to the sufferers of the South, in a correspondence of Governor Orr, of South Carolina, with Lawrence Sangston, esq., of this city, one of the State commissioners under the appropriation of \$100,000 by our Legislature to relieve the starving. Governor Orr states that nearly all the corn donated has been distributed, and most of the bacon, and that this opportune relief has enabled the parties assisted to tide over the interval till the harvest. He announces the gratifying intelligence that in the central, northern and western portions of South Carolina, the only wheat-growing region of the State, the wheat crop has ripened, and now nearly all harvested. The crop is said by the Governor to be the most abundant raised in that section for nearly twenty years past, and that not only will existing want be thereby greatly diminished, but future relief be brought very much within the scope of their own charity.—Balt. Sun.

A CLIQUE WEDDING.—CHAMPAGNE.—A branch of the old vine has taken root again; in other words, Mlle. de Mortemart a great grand-daughter of the celebrated Victor Hugo has just been married, and now wears the title of Duchess de Crusol. It is a union of bank accounts as well as a union of hearts, for the bride is sole heiress of an immense family fortune, and the weight of the young marriage money bags is said to be tremendous. It would be impossible to count the union of the riches which the ceremony sealed. On the eve of the wedding, an elegant carriage drawn by a pair of splendid horses, driven by an unexceptional coachman, and attended by two footmen, whose rivalry no valet would be rash enough to attempt, brought to the door of the happy bride her *corbelle de noces*. O! those wedding gifts! what works of expectation, curiosity, surprise and delight they create. The one in question was a marvel of its kind, and was presented in no ordinary way, for carriages, horses, coachmen and footmen were laid with the *corbelle* at the *marriage* feet.—French press.

Adams Express Company are prepared to collect the interest due on the public debt of Virginia, which will be paid at Richmond on the first day of July.

There is an unusual amount of sickness in Norfolk, brought on from imprudence in eating unripe fruit and stale vegetables.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday morning, June 18th, by Rev. Jos. Helm, Mr. THOMAS G. ELOIN and Miss MOLLEIE R., daughter of Mr. Joseph Carr, all of Loudoun.

FIFTY DOLLAR REWARD.

Was stolen from the picture of the subscriber, near in Government Wood-yard, between 6 and 7 o'clock, on Wednesday evening, June 25, a BROWN HORSE, about 15 hands high, with a C branded on the left shoulder; two letter X's on a hind and a P on the left side of the neck. Twenty-five dollars will be paid for the capture of the horse, or information that will lead to his recovery, and twenty-five dollars for the conviction of the thief.

JOHN A. STONELL, Henry St., je 27—32. Near Government Wood-yard.

SIDES BACON—900 sides Bacon, bright and heavy, just received and for sale by je 27—A. J. FLEMING, No. 9, King st.

SEAGRAES—10,000 Seagras, put up in 100 bundles, for sale low by A. J. FLEMING, je 27—No. 9, King st.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, JUNE 27, 1867. The market, this morning, exhibited more activity. Flour continues firm, with an upward tendency. The rather unfavorable accounts of the damage done the wheat has had the effect of making prices firm. The offerings are light, and a lot of good white was withdrawn, 250 bushels, but not obtained. The offerings of Corn have improved, reaching 1,800 bushels, which changed hands at 97—one lot selling for 98. Rye 112½. Oats 76c, and firm.

Samples of new wheat from South Carolina and Georgia, were exhibited on 'Change, in Philadelphia, yesterday, but no sales effected.

Sixty thousand tons of Scranton coal were sold in New York, yesterday, at a slight decline from the prices obtained at last month's sale.

At New York, yesterday, there seemed to be a real awakening of active speculation in stocks. The excitement on the Railway list was quite equal to anything witnessed last fall. The let-grains during the day declared the fluctuations to be violent, and that prices were different at each end of the table of the stock exchange.

A striking phenomenon, without precedent in this country, is the large accumulation of specie in the leading commercial cities of Europe. The absence of a speculative disposition is particularly noticeable in European centres of trade, but it is anticipated that when the new grain crops begin to move toward a market, to be exchanged for specie or merchandise, there will be a heavy demand for capital, and that business will temporarily, at least, be improved.—Baltimore Sun.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA—JUNE 27.

ARRIVED.
Steamer Express, Nicla, Baltimore, to J. Broders & Co.
Steamer H. Livingston, Lawler, Curriton, to Hooe & Wedderburn.
Schr. Montana, Bears, Boston, plaster to M. Eldridge & Co.
Schr. Charles E. Raymond, Higgins, Boston, plaster to M. Eldridge & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ANDREW J. FLEMING, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 9, King street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Solicits consignments of Country Produce and orders for the purchase of supplies, and promises to give the best attention to any business entrusted to him, and to make prompt returns. je 26—4f

J. F. LARKIN, GROCER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 16, Royal street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Quick sales and prompt returns. Having large experience in the Dry Goods, as well as the Grocery and Liquor Business, Country Merchants will do well to favor me with their orders. I have a variety of TEAS, which I will sell below the market price. Also, Crushed, Crushed and Brown Sugars. je 25—4f

ROBERT JAMISON, C. F. LEE, JR., JAMISON & LEE, GENERAL

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 27, North Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

HOOE & WEDDERBURN, (SUCCESSORS TO FOWLE & CO.) COMMISSION, SHIPPING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No. 2, PRINCE STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Also, dealers in GUANO, SALT, LUMP AND GROUND PLASTER, FISH, GRAIN AND SUGARS. my 24—4f

BAYNE, MILLER & CO., WHOLESALE

GROCERIES & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 19, Commerce Street, (1 door north of Pratt) BALTIMORE, Md. Keep constantly on hand a large supply of GROCERIES, TEAS, &c., &c. Will be happy to receive orders for any articles in their line. Baltimore, May 29—1y

GEORGE WASHINGTON, GROCER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Office No. 6, Union street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Particular attention paid to the selling of all kinds of Country Produce, and of filling orders for Groceries, Guano, Seeds, &c. je 26—4f

SAMUEL HARTLEY, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 13, Union st., Alexandria, Va. Sole agents for Welch's Celebrated brands of FAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR. my 3—4f

KNOX & WATTLES, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, And Dealers in PERUVIAN GUANO, Agents for the sale of GOLDEN PACIFIC GUANO, No. 17, King st., Alexandria, Va. ap 29

W. A. SMOOT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN GRAIN, FERTILIZERS, PLASTER, SALT, FISH LIME, AND CUMBERLAND COAL, No. 3, King street, Alexandria, Va. sp 11—

T. T. GWIN, J. T. BECKHAM, Formerly of Gwin & Son, Culpeper co., Va. GWIN & BECKHAM, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 6, Union street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Particular attention given to the sale of Country Produce, and to the purchase of Guano, Plaster, Salt, Groceries, &c., &c. no 19—4f

P. H. HOOFF, FLOUR, GRAIN GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 26, South Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Particular attention paid to all consignments. je 26—4f

LUTHER D. HARRISON, AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 18, NORTH ROYAL STREET, Respectfully solicits consignments. je 26—4f

HENRY C. WINSHIP, SHIPPING, FORWARDING, AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, DEALER IN GRAIN, &c. No. 24, NORTH UNION STREET, feb 28—4f ALEXANDRIA, VA.

BRODERS & CO., NO. 11, KING STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Wholesale Dealers in

LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, SALT FISH, AND PRODUCE. Also keep on hand a general assortment of Cordage, Tar, Pitch, Nails, Lime, Packing, Oils, Gunpowder, and Ship and Naval Stores. All orders and consignments promptly attended to, and goods forwarded without delay to consignees on arrival. Agents for the Baltimore and Potomac Transportation Line. mh 10—4f

WORTH OF \$30,000 FRENCH GOODS, IMPORTED BY M. W. LILLIAN, No. 336, Pennsylvania A., Washington, D. C. Will be sold at cost to reduce stock.

The goods to be sold are such as: Black Silks, for Mantillas and Dresses. Velvet Ribbons. Velvet Ribbons. Lace Mantillas. Silk Mantillas. Lace Laces, all colors. Real Lace Collars & Sats. Hairbands, from 15 to 20 styles Waterfalls. 40 in. long. Black Nets for Veils. Carls. Bonnets for wails. Buttons. Ladies' Undergarments. Walking Dresses. Trimmings. Corsets. Corsets. Morning Robes. Veils. Ladies' Petticoats. Ladies' Petticoats. Hats. Flowers. Dresses, Mantillas and Bonnets made at reduced prices. Washington, May 20—2w

FRESH BURNT LIME, From the ALEXANDRIA LIME KILNS, by the barrel or bushel, at the corner of Gibson and Water streets. THOMAS SMITH. ap 29

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

CLINTON MILBURN, FAMILY GROCER, AND DEALER IN FINE TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS, Corner Cameron and Royal Streets, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Particular attention paid to the selection of Choice Flour and Teas. my 28—4f

JAS. E. HENDERSON, RICH D. W. AVERY, HENDERSON & AVERY, (SUCCESSORS TO JOHN T. HENDERSON.) AT THE OLD STAND, No. 236, King street, corner of Alfred.

Would respectfully call the attention of their friends and the public generally to their large and well selected stock of CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, consisting in part as follows:

TEAS. Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Piko, Japan, Oolong and English Breakfast. SUGARS. Crushed, Granulated, Powdered, B. C., Porto Rico, English Island, Muscovado and Cuba. COFFEES. Old Government, Java, Laguayra, Maricao, Rio and Fresh Toasted and Ground Coffee.

FLOUR. 20 bbls John Davidson's Extra; 10 bbls ditto Family; 20 bbls Super and Fine Flour. BACON. 2 hams of George & Jenkins's Ham and Breakfast Bacon; 3 hams Shoulders and Sides.

LIQUORS. 12 bbls Thompson and Common Whiskey. Together with everything found in a first-class Grocery store, which we offer cheap, for cash. my 20—4m

DAVY & HARMON, GROCERIES, FEED, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Corner of Prince and Royal Sts., ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Special attention given to the sale of Country Produce. my 9—4f

LOOMIS & FAHER, DEALERS IN GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, FINE TEAS, FLOUR, FEED, ETC., No. 204, KING STREET, CORNER COLUMBIA.

Consistently on hand the choicest brands of Segars and Tobacco, such as a fine assortment of SPATULORY and NOTIONS. The highest price paid for Country Produce. sep 18—

RECKER, DEALER IN GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., COR. KING & ST. ASAPH STS. Country Produce bought at the highest market price. Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my 16—4f

EDGAR SPEIDEN, No. 12, SOUTH FAIRFAX STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER.

A FULL SUPPLY OF STAPLE GOODS always on hand, together with CANNED FRUITS, French Mustard and Oil, Catsups, Genuine Fruit Extract for Flavoring, Chocolate, Corn Meal, Willow and Wood Saw, &c., &c. mh 28—6m

G. S. WAINER, No. 22, NORTH ROYAL STREET, [2 doors south of old stand.] Has on hand and is constantly receiving fresh supplies of GROCERIES, WINES & LIQUORS, which he will sell cheap for cash. je 26

HARRIE HOUGH, DEALER IN CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, CORNER OF PRINCE AND PITT STS. oct 5—4f ALEXANDRIA, VA.

GREGORY & PAUL, Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, FEED, AND BACON, Nos. 27 and 29, KING STREET, sep 14—4f ALEXANDRIA, VA.

WANTED—1000 cords of good CRESTNUT OAK BARK, for which we will pay \$12 per cord, delivered at Alexandria on the cars of the Orange and Annapolis Gap R.R., or at the Tannery. Merchants or others wishing to contract with us for 100 or 200 cords, can do so by calling on us at our store, No. 21, King street. We have always on hand OAK and HICKORY SOLE LEATHER, UPPER LEATHER, of all kinds, Harness, Bridle and Skirting Leather, which we sell at the lowest cash prices. We are paying the highest cash prices for good BEEF HIDES, dry and green. ap 9—6mf C. C. SMOOT & SON.

ASTROLOGY. At the wonderful revelations made by the Great Astrologist, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO, She reveals secrets from long-lost knowledge. She restores to happiness those who, from deformed ideas, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or loved ones, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue, and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person you seek, gives you your thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the map she stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation free with like persons, and all desired information. St. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail, receipt or price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year, in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair. Address: MADAME H. A. PERRIGO, ap 10—3m P. O. Drawer 225, Buffalo, N. Y.

WORTH OF \$30,000 FRENCH GOODS, IMPORTED BY M. W. LILLIAN, No. 336, Pennsylvania A., Washington, D. C. Will be sold at cost to reduce stock.

The goods to be sold are such as: Black Silks, for Mantillas and Dresses. Velvet Ribbons. Velvet Ribbons. Lace Mantillas. Silk Mantillas. Lace Laces, all colors. Real Lace Collars & Sats. Hairbands, from 15 to 20 styles Waterfalls. 40 in. long. Black Nets for Veils. Carls. Bonnets for wails. Buttons. Ladies' Undergarments. Walking Dresses. Trimmings. Corsets. Corsets. Morning Robes. Veils. Ladies' Petticoats. Ladies' Petticoats. Hats. Flowers. Dresses, Mantillas and Bonnets made at reduced prices. Washington, May 20—2w

FRESH BURNT LIME, From the ALEXANDRIA LIME KILNS, by the barrel or bushel, at the corner of Gibson and Water streets. THOMAS SMITH. ap 29